Real-Time 3D Objects Detection and Segmentation based on Automotive LiDAR Technology

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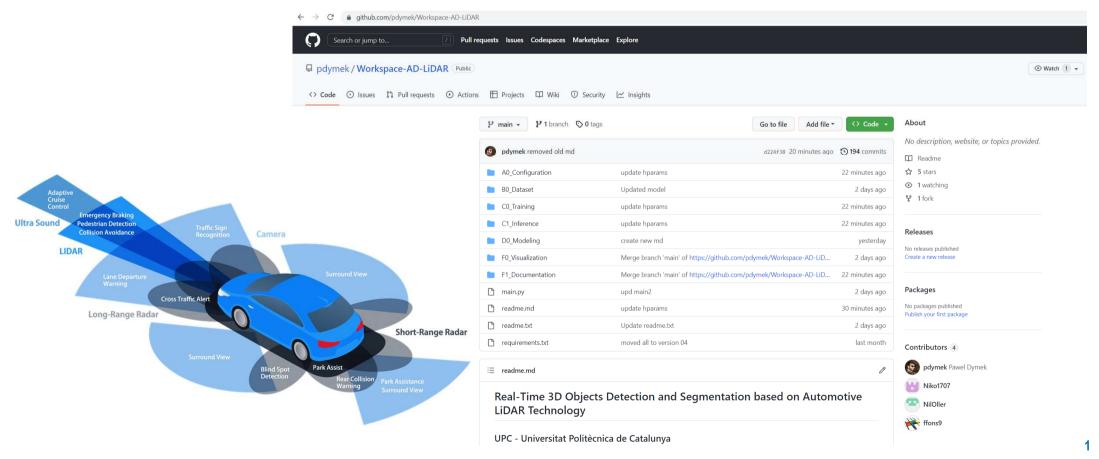
ADVISOR Mariona Carós

POSTGRADUATE COURSE

Artificial Intelligence with Deep Learning Barcelona, 22.03.2023

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https://github.com/pdymek/Workspace-AD-LiDAR



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- 1. MOTIVATION
- 2. GOAL
- 3. SETUP
- 4. PROJECT PLAN
- 5. DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT
- 6. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS
- 7. CONCLUSIONS
- 8. REFERENCES



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OUTLINE

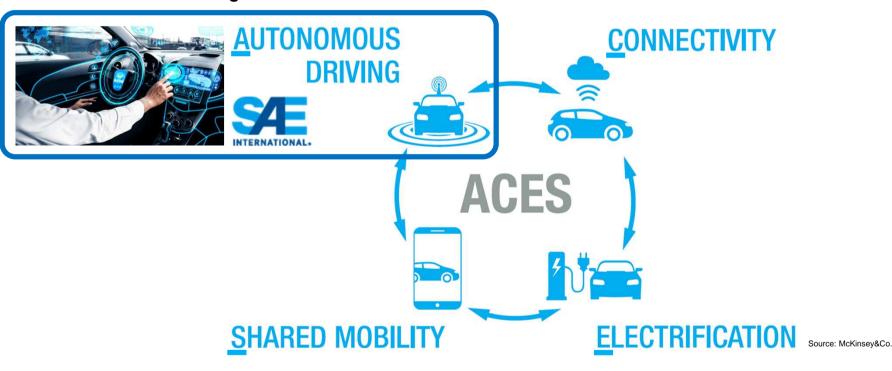
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1. MOTIVATION: AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY – THE NEW ERA OF MOBILITY

The automotive industry, in big momentum these days, is in the middle of a revolutionary transformation towards the <u>Software Defined Vehicle (SDV)</u>. The pace of technological innovation is accelerating at an unprecedented rate by the coexistence of **four megatrends**:





1. MOTIVATION: AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY – THE NEW ERA OF MOBILITY

The automotive industry, in big momentum these days, is in the middle of a revolutionary transformation towards the <u>Software Defined Vehicle (SDV</u>). The pace of technological innovation is accelerating at an unprecedented rate by the coexistence of **four megatrends**:



SAE J3016 defines up to <u>five different levels of automation</u>: from assisted (feet off) to autonomous (driver off). The more autonomy, the more sensors (e.g. RADAR, LiDAR, etc.) required to perceive the driving environment/context.



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OUTLINE

1. MOTIVATION

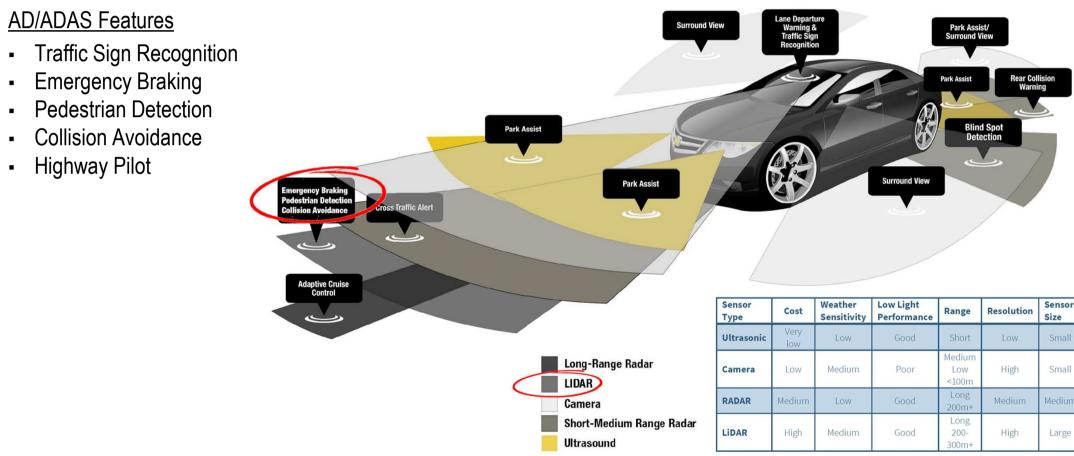
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2. GOAL: AUTOMOTIVE AUTONOMOUS DRIVING OBJECTS SEGMENTATION

The objective of the project is to implement a image/video segmentation solution based on LiDAR point cloud data targeting to be embedded in an automotive electronic control unit to support AD/ADAS applications.



Source: Strategy Analytics

3



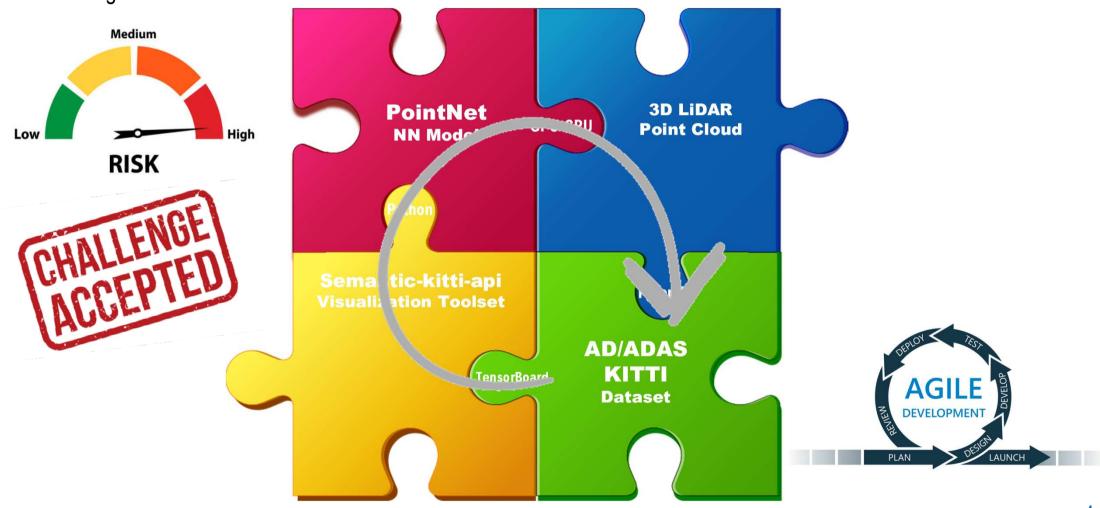
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3. SETUP: INTEGRATION OF TECHNOLOGIES – OUR BIGGEST CHALLENGE !

Connecting the dots...

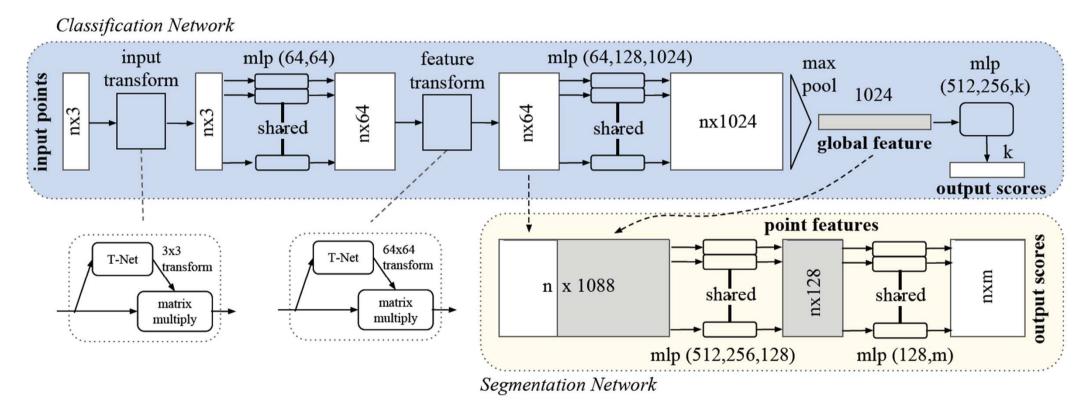




3. SETUP (1004): NEURAL NETWORK POINTNET MODEL

PointNet is one of the most well-know NN models for classification and segmentation based on point cloud.

Architecture



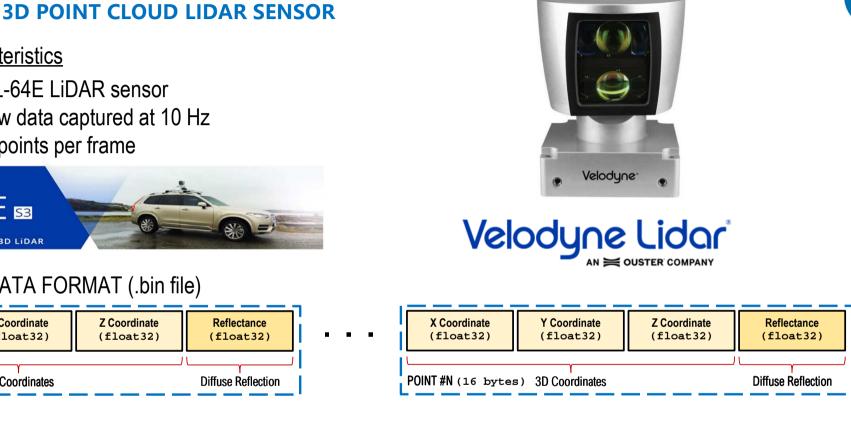
3. SETUP (2004): KITTI/SEMANTICKITTI DATASET

UPC

KITTI/SemanticKITTI is probably the most used dataset in autonomous driving research.







. .

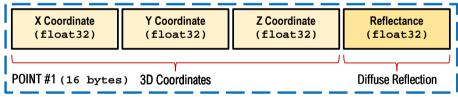
3. SETUP (3004): 3D POINT CLOUD LIDAR SENSOR

Technical Characteristics

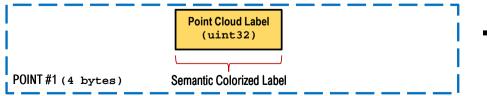
- Velodyne HDL-64E LiDAR sensor
- Point cloud raw data captured at 10 Hz
- Around 120K points per frame

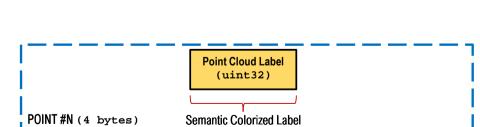


POINT CLOUD DATA FORMAT (.bin file)



LABEL & PREDICTION DATA FORMAT (.label file)



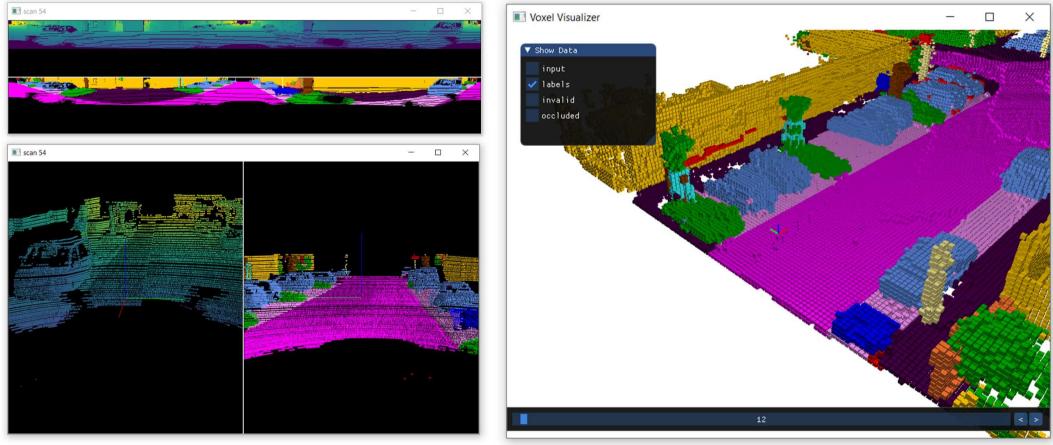






3. SETUP (4004): 3D POINT CLOUD VISUALIZATION

semantic-kitti-api toolset



Point Cloud View

Voxels View



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4. PROJECT PLAN – MILESTONES & ACHIEVEMENTS

Our journey...

PROCESS	JANUARY				FEBRUARY			MARCH				
		W2	W3	W4	wı	W2	W3	W4	WI	W2	W3	W4
Topic research, goals & business requirements		100%										
Dataset selection & preparation			100%									
Model research & analysis				100%								
System architecture design / reevaluation				70)%					30)%	
Model development and hyper- parameter tuning						/	8	0%		>		
Model training, evaluation & performance						C		70)%			
Model deployment									100%			
KPI visualisation										10	0%	
Project documentation & code delivery											10	0%

9

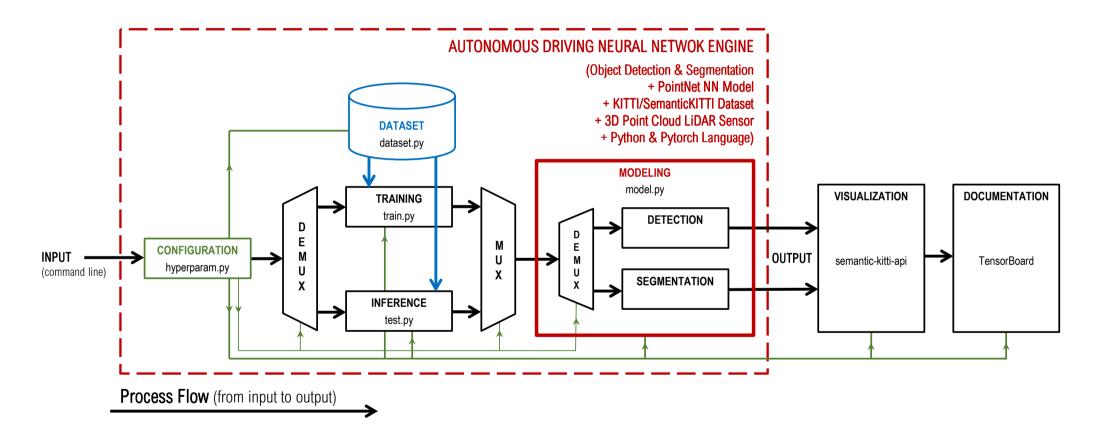
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5. DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT (1004): SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

Modular, flexible and scalable NN concept by design.





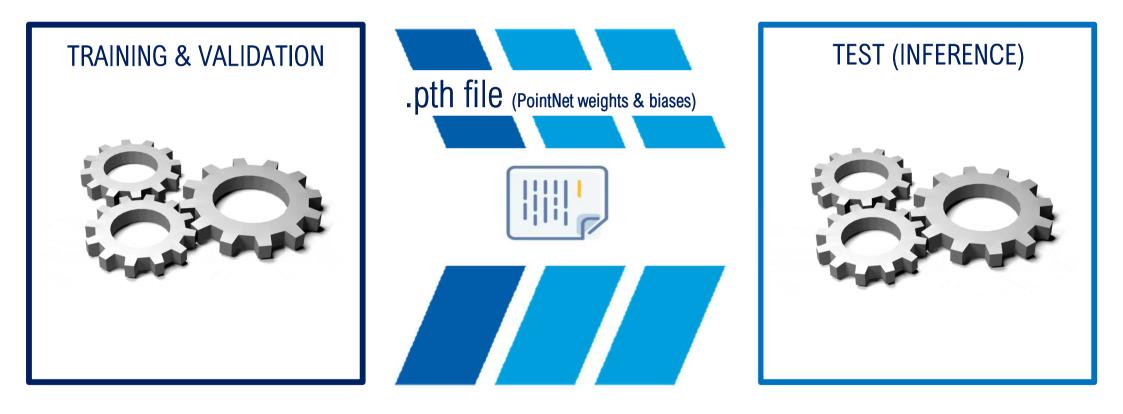
5. DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT (2004): SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION

The core technology developed is embedded in five key files addressing configuration, data handling, modeling, training and test.

刘 Fi	ile Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal	Help main.py - Workspace-AD-LiDAR - Visual Studio Code	
Ð	EXPLORER ····	e main.py ×	
	〜 WORKSPACE-AD-LIDAR 🛛 📮 🖓 🖨	♥ main.py >	
0	✓ A0 Configuration	1 <i>маницичинан инин инин инин инин инин инин ини</i>	
\sim	> _pycache_	2 # AUTONOMOUS DRIVING NN ENGINE BASED ON LÍDAR POINT CLOUD DATA #	
90		3	
çe	A hyperparam.py	4 # To digest and execute the commands.	
	✓ B0_Dataset	6 import os	
a⊳ a	> _pycache_	7 import sys	
-	_initpy	8 from A0_Configuration import hyperparam	
B	🔮 dataset_prepare_lightweight.py	9 from C0_Training import train	
ġ	dataset.py	10 from Cl_Inference import test	
G	✓ C0_Training	11 12	
	> _pycache_	13 def main(args):	
囚	> Model_saved	14 if args.hparamActionType == 'train':	
	👻ínítpy	15 train.train(args)	
- : Č	🔮 train.py	<pre>16 elif args.hparamActionType == 'test':</pre>	
	✓ C1_Inference	<pre>17 test.test(args) 18 elif args.hparamActionType == 'visualize':</pre>	
	> _pycache_	18 os.chdir("./F0 Visualization/semantic-kitti-api")	
	📽initpy	20 #cmmal() - Schwalterregeneration - Schwalter - Args.hparamDatasetPath + 'config config/semantic-kitti.yamlsequence ' + args.hparamDatasetSequence	
	🔮 test.py	21 #print(cmndline)	
	✓ D0_Modeling	22 #os.system(cmndline) # call to visualize.py	
	> _pycache_	23 if args.hparamPredictionsPath != None:	
	🔮 _initpy	<pre>24 cmndline = 'visualize.pydataset ' + args.hparamDatasetPath + 'config config/semantic-kitti.yamlsequence ' + args.hparamDatasetSequence + 'predictions ' + args.hp 25 print(cmndline)</pre>	paramprediction
<	🔮 model.py	25 print(cmuline) # call to visualize.py	
	> F0_Visualization	27 cmmdline = 'visualize_voxels.pydataset ' + args.hparamDatasetPath + 'sequence ' + args.hparamDatasetSequence	
	> F1_Documentation	28 print(cmndline)	
	🔮 main.py	29 os.system((mndline) # call to visualize_voxels.py	
	① readme.md	30 os.chdir("/") 31	
	(i) readme.txt	31 32	
	≣ requirements.txt	33 if name == ' main ':	
		34 parser = hyperparam.Parsing()	
		35 args = parser.parse_args()	
		36 main(args)	
		37	

5. DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT (3004): FROM TRAINING TO INFERENCE

The resultant trained model is saved as a .pth file to right after be used in the inference.

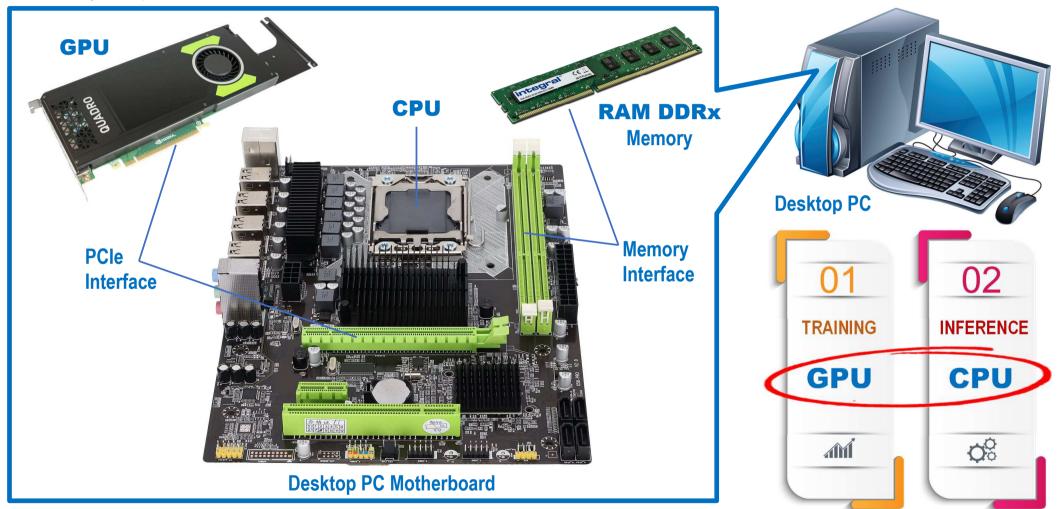




5. DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT (4004): HARDWARE PLATFORM



Three key components: CPU, GPU and RAM.



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6. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS (1003)

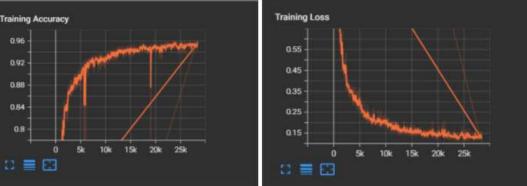
Visual analysis and assessment of results supported by the **TensorBoard** tool.

Ir = 0.001 (Best model in epoch7) After that the model is overfitting.

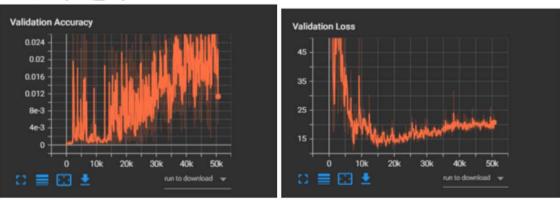
Ir = 0.01 (Best model epoch 0) Lw_version of Seq_00



Training (Seq_00)



Validation(Seq 08)





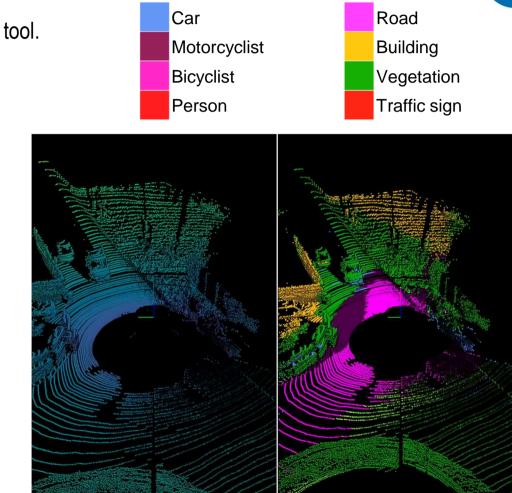
6. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS (2003)

Visual analysis and assessment of results supported by the **TensorBoard** tool.

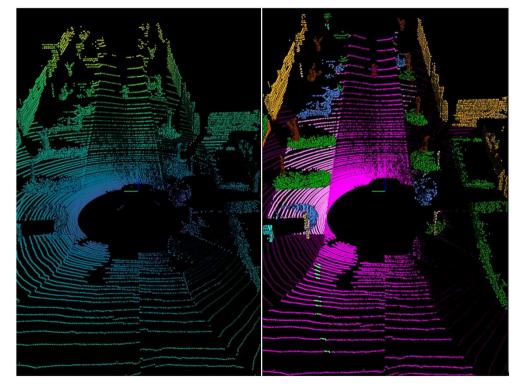
Time for Training (RTX 3060)	Sequence for Training	Sequence for Validation	lr	Accuracy	mloU	
~5h	Seq_00	Seq_08	0.001	0.35	-	
~3h	(few Categories) Seq_00	Seq_08	0.001	4.5e-4	-	
~2h	(few Categories) Seq_00	(few Categories) Seq_08	0.01	0.46	0.88304	
~2h	(few Categories) Seq_00	(few Categories) Seq_08	0.001	0.43	0.87869	

6. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS (3003)

Visualization of results in real-time through **semantic-kitti-api** tool.



Prediction (Inference)



Ground Truth (Labeled Data)

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7. CONCLUSIONS



- Relevant AD/ADAS use case (pain point) explored. Business case with high impact in the automotive industry.
- The integration of different technologies was the main challenge of the project.
- Learning by doing. Gaining and absorbing knowledge quickly was our main strength.
- Our "time-aggressive" development flow: Python program (instead of Colab) and PC with CPU/GPU (instead of cloud).
- Lesson learned: to balance your AI/DL workload (batch sizes, etc.) with the RAM, CPU and GPU of your platform
- It is crucial to iterate many times your solution in order to achieve good results.
- Excellent teamwork of the four team members following agile methodologies.
- Although the start of the project was quite tough, the job was done and delivered on time!



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8. REFERENCES

Neural Network:

- https://github.com/marionacaros/3D-object-segmentation-light-PointNet
- https://github.com/Yvanali/KITTISeg
- <u>https://github.com/fxia22/pointnet.pytorch</u>

Point Cloud Visualization Tool:

https://github.com/PRBonn/semantic-kitti-api

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